## PHYS 576: Particle Physics

Homework #2

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March 7, 2019

1. Discuss the possible decay modes of the  $\Omega^-$  allowed by conservation laws, and show how weak deay is the only remaining choice.

## Solution:

There are three decay odes of  $\Omega^-$ . They are

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Omega^{-} & \to \Xi^{0} & + \begin{array}{c} \pi^{-} \\ \mathrm{sss} & \to \mathrm{uss} \end{array} & + \begin{array}{c} \pi^{-} \\ \mathrm{\bar{u}d} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Omega^{-} \\ \mathrm{sss} & \to \mathrm{uds} \end{array} & + \begin{array}{c} K^{-} \\ \mathrm{\bar{u}s} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \Omega^{-} \\ \mathrm{sss} & \to \frac{\Xi^{-}}{\mathrm{dss}} & + \begin{array}{c} \pi^{0} \\ \mathrm{u\bar{u}} \end{array} \end{array}$$

All of these processes violate the strangeness conservation. So they can't proceed via strong interaction, so weak interaction is the only choice.  $\Box$ 

2. Determine which isospin states the following combination of particles can exist in

(a) 
$$\pi^0 \pi^- \pi^0$$

## Solution:

Using the clebsh Gordan coefficients to write the state composition we get.

$$\begin{split} \left| \pi^{+} \pi^{-} \pi^{0} \right\rangle &= \left| 11 \right\rangle \left| 1 - 1 \right\rangle \left| 10 \right\rangle \\ \left| 11 \right\rangle \left| 1 - 1 \right\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \left| 20 \right\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left| 10 \right\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left| 00 \right\rangle \\ \left| 20 \right\rangle \left| 10 \right\rangle &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} \left| 30 \right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \left| 10 \right\rangle \\ \left| 10 \right\rangle \left| 10 \right\rangle &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \left| 20 \right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left| 00 \right\rangle \\ \left| 00 \right\rangle \left| 10 \right\rangle &= \left| 10 \right\rangle \end{split}$$

So the possible iso spin combintaions are  $I = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$ 

(b) 
$$\pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$$

$$\begin{split} \left|\pi^0\pi^-\pi^0\right\rangle &= \left|10\right\rangle \left|10\right\rangle \left|10\right\rangle \\ \left|10\right\rangle \left|10\right\rangle &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}\left|20\right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\left|00\right\rangle \\ \left|10\right\rangle \left|00\right\rangle &= \left|10\right\rangle \\ \left|20\right\rangle \left|10\right\rangle &= \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}\left|30\right\rangle - \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}}\left|10\right\rangle \end{split}$$

So the possible isospin combintaions are  $I = \{1, 3\}$